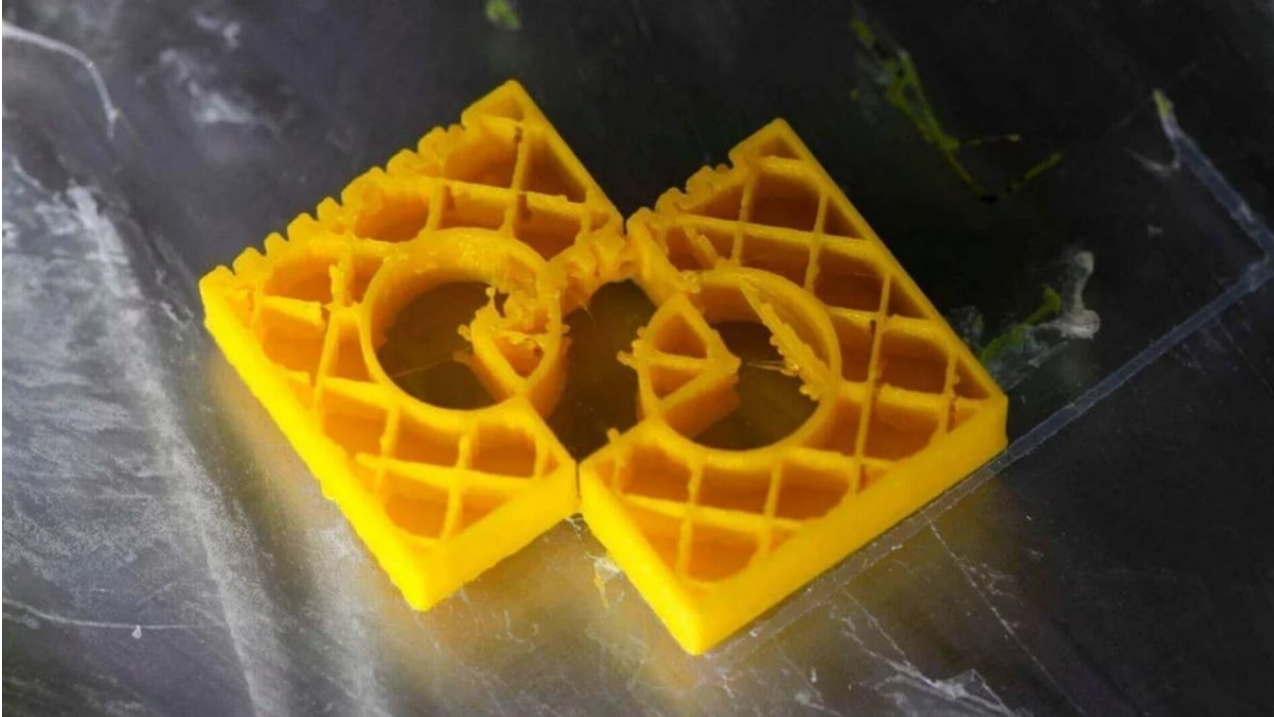


# What Is Non-Manifold Geometry ?



[AMTech3D](#))

Non-manifold geometry is virtual 3D geometry that cannot physically exist in the real world. A simple example is a wall with no thickness, but other types exist, as well.

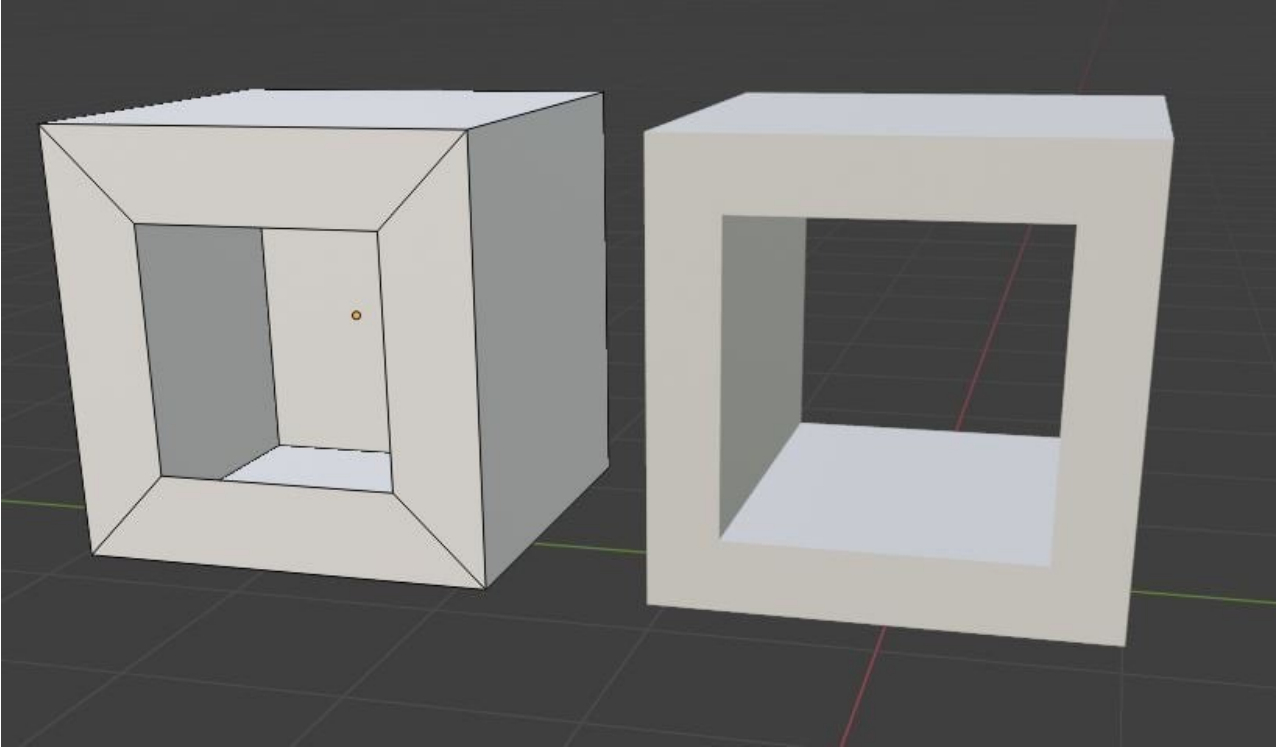
In a computer program, non-manifold geometry isn't a major problem, as the laws of physics don't apply to digital objects. However, in the physical world, it can lead to many anomalies that will ruin a print.

For many 3D printing enthusiasts, non-manifold geometry is a familiar (and unfriendly) friend, often leading to structural failures, wonky edges, or just plain madness. [Slicing software](#) simply can't figure out how to realize these impossible shapes as physical objects, if it even tries, at all. The outcome can be interesting, to say the least.

In this article, we'll take a closer look at what exactly non-manifold geometry is before presenting solutions and preventative measures.

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## Types



Non-manifold geometry can take many forms, all of which have disastrous outcomes for 3D printers. Here are some common instances of non-manifold geometry:

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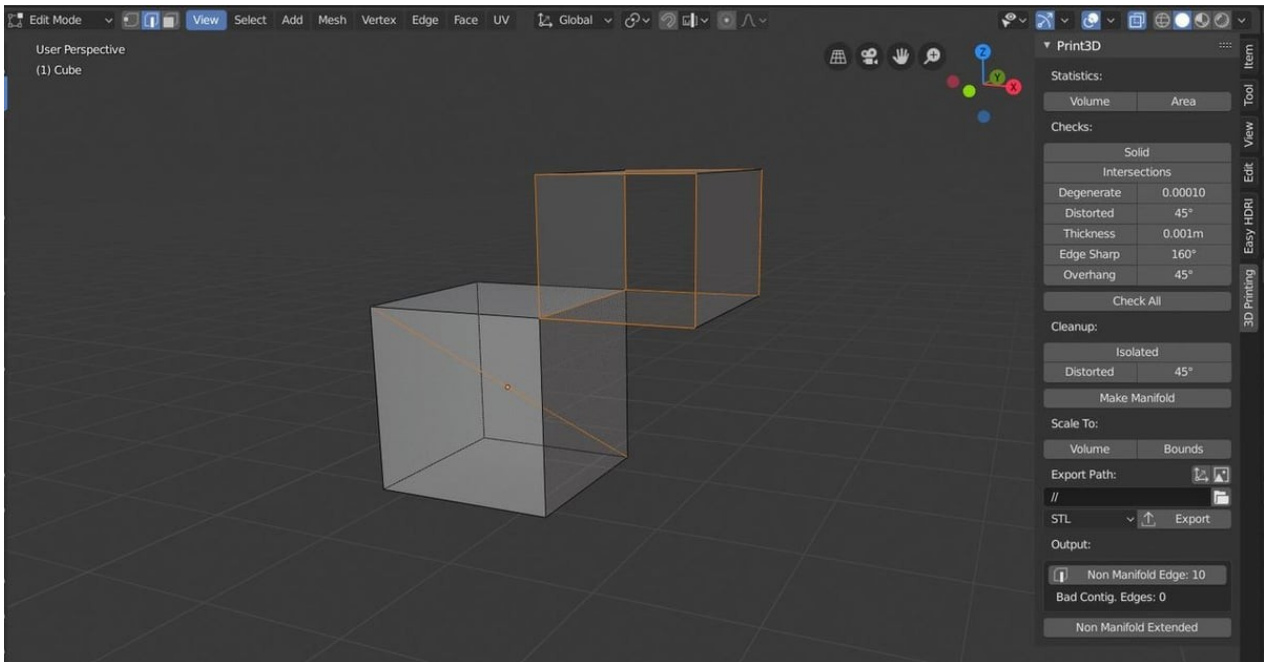
- **Disconnected vertices and edges:** When edges and vertices are created but not connected to the rest of your 3D object, your slicer will view it as a separate object. This can often lead to holes or gaps in the mesh because, although a face may look like it's connected to other edges, it may simply be floating in the right position.
- **Internal faces:** The walls of your object should be solid walls, and the space inside your walls should be empty. A slicer cannot process internal faces, as it makes the void inside your object appear as a thick wall.
- **Areas with no thickness:** Printing in two dimensions isn't possible on a 3D printer. Simply put, we live in a three-dimensional world.
- **Holes:** A hole in a mesh will cause problems, as you'll have poorly defined walls or areas with no thickness. It's important to uNon-Manifold Edges

Alternatively, you can use the keyboard shortcut Ctrl + Shift + Alt + M, which will select any non-manifold geometry indiscriminately.

Blender also features the Solidify modifier, which can be found in the modifiers panel. This will give thickness to any non-manifold geometry due to a lack of thickness.

If you have disconnected edges and vertices, you can simply select all the vertices and connect them using “Merge by Distance”. This makes two separate vertices that lay on top of or close to each other a single vertex.

## CAD Solutions



## Blender

Most modeling suites have their own add-ons or tools for identifying non-manifold geometry, but [Blender](#)'s is one of the best. The 3D print toolbox add-on for Blender can select non-manifold edges, identifying them by the number of faces.

To use Blender's non-manifold edge tool, install the add-on from the preferences. Once that's done, here's how to identify the problem areas:

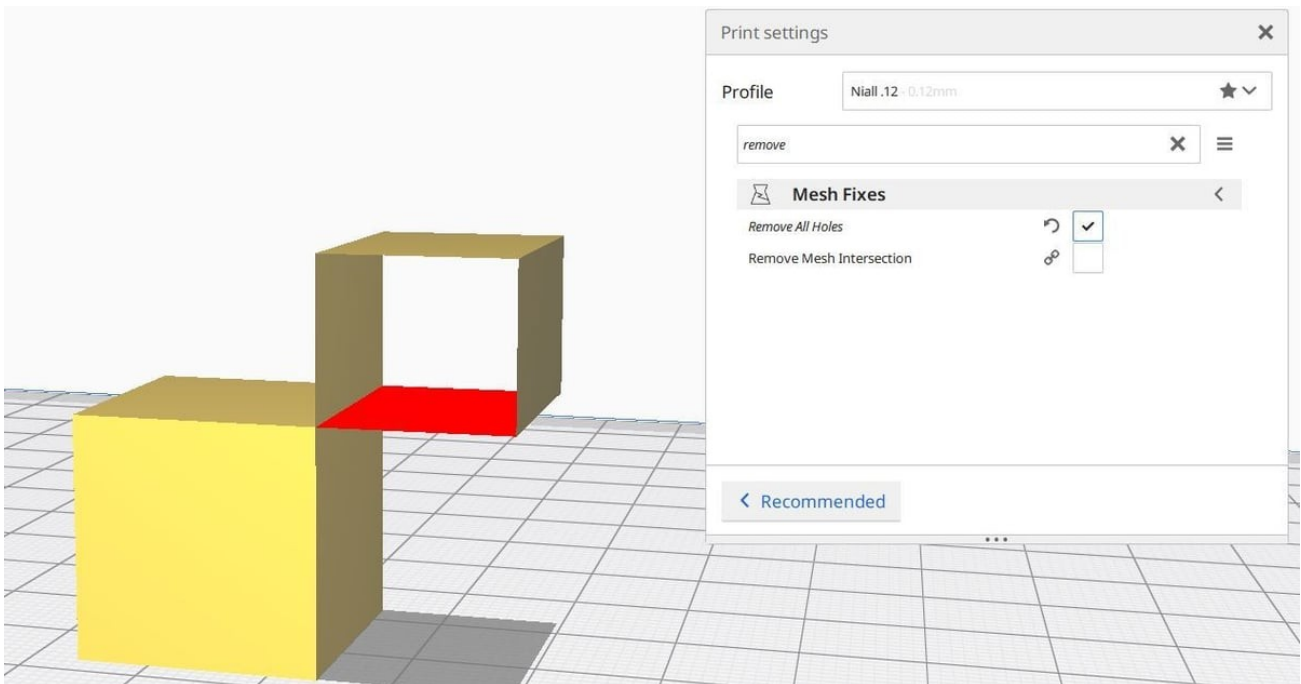
1. Select your object in edit mode and press 'N'.
2. Enter the 3D printing tool shelf.
3. Press “Solid” under the Checks header. Blender should now have highlighted any non-manifold edges.

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## Slicer Solutions

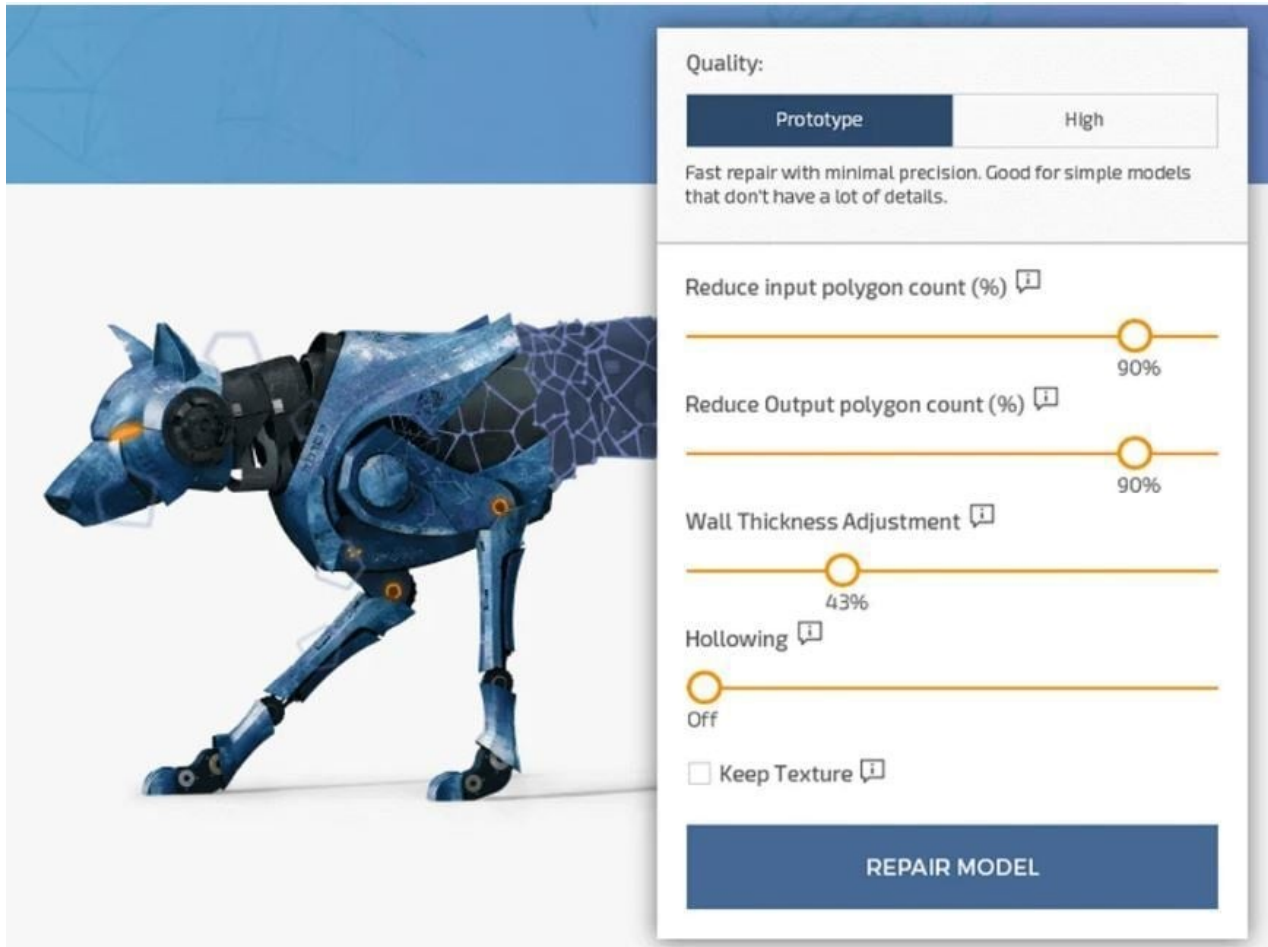


### Liberation Serif

There are several quick fixes for minor non-manifold geometry issues in most slicers. Each setting varies from slicer to slicer, but most do the same thing. Looking at [Cura](#) as an example, you can check the “Remove All Holes” setting, which will delete any holes on the inside of the model.

In [Simplify3D](#), you can automatically repair non-manifold geometry. To do this, go into the Repair menu, where you’ll find a number of tools capable of automatically correcting non-manifold issues.

## Online Solutions



### [All3DP](#))

Online STL repair tools are becoming more and more powerful. Though they might not find and correct every instance of non-manifold geometry, they are very fast. Services such as [MakePrintable](#), [Trinckle](#), and [Sculpteo](#) offer simple and free STL repair that will close holes, add thick walls, and delete internal faces for you. However, note that some services may charge a subscription fee.

Like Netfabb, these services usually require a quick sign up, after which you upload your model as an STL file. Once the tool works its magic, you can download your manifold, slicer-ready 3D model.

Check out our list of the [best STL repair tools](#) in case you're feeling stuck.

Source : <https://all3dp.com/2/non-manifold-edges/>